

### JSY-MK-194T Single-phase two-way electric energy measurement module

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#### 1. Product introduction

#### 1.1 Introduction

JSY-MK-194T single-phase two-channel electric energy measurement module is a single-phase AC parameter measurement product that highly integrates measurement and digital communication technology and can complete electric energy measurement, collection and transmission . It can accurately measure two-channel single-phase AC voltage, Electrical parameters such as current , power, power factor, frequency, electricity, etc., 1-way TTL level interface, completely isolated circuit, small size, simple interface, can be easily embedded into various equipment that need to measure power consumption, and has excellent value for money.

JSY-MK-194T single-phase two-way electric energy metering module can be widely used in energy-saving transformation, new energy charging piles, electric power, communications, railways, transportation, environmental protection, petrochemicals, steel and other industries to monitor the current and Power consumption.

#### 1.2 Features

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- 1.2.1. Collect single-phase and two-channel alternating current parameters, including voltage, current, power, factor, frequency, electric energy and other electrical parameters.
- 1.2.2. Adopt special measurement chip, effective value measurement method, high measurement accuracy.
- 1.2.3. With 1-way TTL communication interface, compatible with 5V/3.3V interface.
- 1.2.4. The communication protocol adopts Modbus-RTU, which has good compatibility and facilitates programming.
- 1.2.5. High isolation voltage, withstand voltage up to DC3000V.

### 1.3 Technical Parameters

#### 1.3.1 Single phase AC input

- 1) Voltage range: 1~300V (can be customized).
- 2) Current range: 20mA~100A (can be customized).
- 3) Signal processing: using special measurement chip, 24 -bit AD sampling.
- 4) Overload capacity: 1.2 times the current range is sustainable, and 1.5 times the voltage range is not damaged.
- 5) Input impedance: voltage channel>1 k  $\Omega$  /V.

#### **1.3.2** Communication Interface

- 1) Interface type: 1-way TTL communication interface, compatible with 5V/3.3V.
- 2) Communication protocol: MODBUS-RTU protocol.
- 3) Data format: The default is "n,8,1", "e,8,1", "o,8,1", "n,8,2" can be set.
- 4) Communication rate: The default is 4800bps, 9600bps, 19200bps can be set.

### **1.3.3** Measurement output data

For multiple electrical parameters such as voltage, current, power, electric energy, power factor, frequency, etc., see the Modbus data register list.

### **1.3.4** measurement accuracy

Voltage , current , power, electricity: less than  $\pm$  1.0 % .

#### 1.3.5 isolation

The power supply under test and the power supply are isolated from each other.

the isolation withstand voltage is 3000VDC.

### **1.3.6** power supply

1) DC single power supply 3.3~5V power supply, power consumption 10mA.

JSY-MK-194T Single-phase two-way electric energy measurement module

#### **1.3.7** working environment

- 1) Working temperature:  $-40 \sim +80 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- 2) Relative humidity:  $5\sim95\%$ , no condensation (at 40  $^{\circ}$ C ).
- 3) Altitude: 0~3000 meters.
- 4) Environment: No explosive, corrosive gases and conductive dust, no significant shaking, vibration and impact.
- **1.3.8** Temperature drift:  $\leq 100$ ppm/  $^{\circ}$ C.
- **1.3.9** Installation method: PCB welding.
- **1.3.10** Module size : 60.48\*36.81 mm\*20mm (length\*width\*height)

# 2. Application

# 2.1, Appearance and installation

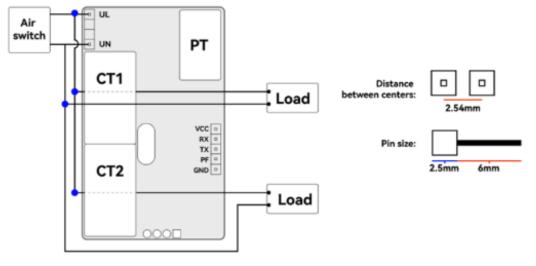


Figure 2.1 Dimensional drawing (unit: mm)

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### 2.2 Interface definition

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#### 2.2.1 Pin description

logo	characteristic	Function description	
UL	Live line	Measured voltage live wire connection port	
UN	Neutral line	Measured voltage neutral line connection port	
VCC	Power+	Metering module power supply pin , normal application	
		range: 3.3 V-5V	
RX	enter	Module TTL level receiving pin	
Tx	output	Module TTL level sending pin	
PF	output	Active energy verification pulse output, low level output by	
		default, generally does not need to be connected to this pin,	
		but the pin position must be reserved	
GND	power supply-	power ground	

## 2.3 Application Notes

Please refer to the above diagram for correct wiring according to product specifications and models. Make sure to disconnect all signal sources before wiring to avoid danger and damage to the equipment. After checking to confirm that the wiring is correct, turn on the power and test.

After the power is turned on, the "indicator light " is always on, and during communication, the "indicator light" flashes synchronously during communication data transmission.

When the product leaves the factory, it is set to the default configuration: address No. 1, baud rate 4800bps, data format "n,8,1", data update rate is 330ms once, and the transformation ratio is 1.

You can use the JSY-MK-194T series product testing software we provide to change the settings of product parameters and general testing of the product.

## 2.4 Electric energy measurement function

Can provide single-phase voltage, current, power, power factor, frequency, active energy

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and other parameters.

The electricity data is a 4-byte unsigned number. It will not overflow for 10 consecutive years and the data will be saved when the power is turned off.

JSY-MK-194T Single-phase two-way electric energy measurement module

# 三、JSY-MK-194T Modbus register list

Table 1: System configuration parameter register address (Function code:03H-read, 10H-write)

Numb er	Definition	Register address	Read/ write	Description			
1	ID and baud rate	0004Н	Read/ write	Default value:0105H (default ID is 01H, default communication format is 8, N, 1,4800bps) explain: High byte is ID,it can be set as 1 to 255. Low byte is baud rate, 3-1200bps, 4-2400bps, 5—4800bps, 6—9600bps, 7-19200bps, 8-38400bps			

 Table 2: System parameter (Function code:03H-read,read only)

Numbe	Definition	Register	Read/	Description	
r	Delinition	address	write		
1	Model 1	0000H	Read	Value is 0194H	
2	Model 2	0001H	Read	Reserved	
3	Voltage	0002H	Read	Value is 250(V)	
	range				
4	Current	0003H	Read	Value is 800 (800/10=80A)	
	range				

Table 3:Measuring electrical parameter register (Function code:03H-read, 10H-write)

Numb er         Definition address         Register address         Read/write         Byte length         Description           1         First channel voltage         0048H         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)           2         First channel current         0049H         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)           3         First channel active power         004AH         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)           4         Positive active energy of first channel power factor         004CH         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)           5         First channel power factor         004DH         Read/         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)           6         Negative active energy of first channel         Write         Write         Write           7         Power direction         004EH         Read/         4         First byte(first channel): 00-positive,01-negative.           8         Frequency         004FH         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)           9         Second channel voltage         0050H         Read         4         Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)           10         Second channel current         0051H         Read						
1 First channel voltage 2 First channel current 3 First channel current 4 Positive power 4 Positive active power denergy of first channel 5 First channel power factor 6 Negative active energy of first channel 7 Power direction 7 Power direction 8 Frequency 9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel current 11 Second channel current 11 Second channel current 12 Positive active 0045H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (V) 11 Second channel voltage 12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 11 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 12 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 13 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 15 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 16 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 17 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 18 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 19 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 11 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 12 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 13 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 14 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 15 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 16 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 17 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 18 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 19 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 19 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Value=DATA/10000 (W)	Numb	Definition	Register	Read/	Byte	Description
voltage  2 First channel current  3 First channel active power  4 Positive active energy of first channel power factor  6 Negative active energy of first channel  7 Power direction  7 Power direction  8 Frequency  8 Frequency  9 Second channel  10 Second channel  10 Second channel  10 Second channel  11 Second channel  12 Positive active ou4AH Read A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)  13 First channel  14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (BW)  15 First channel  16 Negative active energy of first channel  17 Power direction  18 Frequency  19 Second channel  10 Second channel  10 Second channel  10 Second channel  11 Second channel  12 Positive active  12 Positive active  13 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  15 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  16 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  17 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  18 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  19 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  11 Second channel  12 Positive active  13 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)	er		address	write	length	
First channel current  3 First channel current  3 First channel active power  4 Positive active energy of first channel power factor  6 Negative active energy of first channel  7 Power direction  8 Frequency  9 Second channel  9 Second channel  10 Second channel  11 Second channel  12 Positive active current  12 Positive active  0049H  Read  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  15 First channel  16 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (RWh)  17 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (RWh)  18 Frequency  19 Second channel  10 Second channel  20 O4FH  Read  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  21 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  22 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  23 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  24 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  25 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  26 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  27 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  28 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  29 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  27 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  28 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  29 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  20 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)	1	First channel	0048H	Read	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/10000 (V)
current  3 First channel active power  4 Positive active energy of first channel power factor  6 Negative active energy of first channel  7 Power direction  8 Frequency  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 004AH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (RWh)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (RWh)  11 Second channel current  12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  15 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  16 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  17 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  18 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  19 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  11 Second channel current  12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)		voltage				
First channel active power 004AH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Positive active energy of first channel power factor 004CH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  Negative active energy of first channel power factor 004DH Read/ Write energy of first channel Write energy of first channel 004EH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  Power direction 004EH Read 4 First byte(first channel): 00-positive,01-negative. Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative voltage 10 Second channel 0050H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) voltage 10 Second channel 0051H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A) current 11 Second channel 0052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)	2	First channel	0049H	Read	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/10000(A)
active power  4  Positive active energy of first channel  5  First channel power factor  6  Negative active energy of first channel  7  Power direction  8  Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  8  Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  8  Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  9  Second channel 0050H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  10  Second channel 0051H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  11  Second channel 0052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)  12  Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)		current				
4 Positive active energy of first channel 5 First channel power factor 6 Negative active energy of first channel 7 Power direction 004EH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  7 Power direction 004EH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (kWh)  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)  1 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  1 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (v)  1 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)  1 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)  1 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (w)	3	First channel	004AH	Read	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/10000(W)
energy of first channel  5 First channel 004CH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/1000  6 Negative active energy of first channel  7 Power direction 004EH Read 4 First byte(first channel):  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000		active power				
channel  First channel power factor  Negative active energy of first channel  Power direction  Frequency  Second channel voltage  Second channel  O052H Read  Channel  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  (kWh)  (kWh)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  (kWh)  (kWh)  O0-positive,01-negative.  Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative  Unsigned, Value=DATA/100(Hz)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)  Current  Second channel current  O052H Read  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Autispined, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Read  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Autispined, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Read  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Autispined, Value=DATA/10000 (W)	4	Positive active	004BH	Read/	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/10000
First channel power factor  Negative active energy of first channel  Power direction  Power direction  Frequency  Second channel  Second channel  Second channel  Second channel  Second channel  Second channel  O052H  Read  A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  (kWh)  Channel):  O0-positive,01-negative.  Second byte(second channel): O0-positive,01-negative.  Second byte(second channel): O0-positive,01-negative.  Second channel voltage  Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)  Current  Second channel o051H  Current  Current  Current  Current  Read  A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Active power  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Active power  Current  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Current  Current		energy of first		Write		(kWh)
power factor  6 Negative active energy of first channel  7 Power direction  8 Frequency  9 Second channel  10 Second channel  11 Second channel  12 Positive active  10 Negative active energy of first channel  10 Negative active energy of first channel  10 Negative active  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active  10 O4EH  Read  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Write  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (hy)  (hy		channel				
Negative active energy of first channel  Power direction  Read/ Write  Read/ Write  Power direction  Outed Read/ A First byte(first channel):  00-positive,01-negative.  Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative  Negative active  Read A Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  Second channel  Voltage  Outed Read A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Outed Read A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Negative active power  Negative A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Negative active power  Negative A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Negative active power  Negative A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Negative A Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Voltage  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)	5	First channel	004CH	Read	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/1000
energy of first channel  7 Power direction 004EH Read 4 First byte(first channel): 00-positive,01-negative. Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  Write (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (kWh)  (hun)  (in the power of		power factor				
channel  7 Power direction  004EH  Read  4 First byte(first channel): 00-positive,01-negative. Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative  8 Frequency  004FH  Read  4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active  0053H  Read  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)	6	Negative active	004DH	Read/	4	Unsigned,Value=DATA/10000
7 Power direction 004EH Read 4 First byte(first channel): 00-positive,01-negative.  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  9 Second channel 0050H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel 0052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000		energy of first		Write		(kWh)
8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) 9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 10 Second channel voltage 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 10 Second channel current 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 11 Second channel voltage 5 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000		channel				
Second byte(second channel):00-positive,01-negative  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  Second byte(second channel defined byte,01-negative)  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)	7	Power direction	004EH	Read	4	First byte(first channel):
channel):00-positive,01-negative  8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz)  9 Second channel voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  10 channel channel description (Channel active) (Channel)						00-positive,01-negative.
8 Frequency 004FH Read 4 Unsigned, Value==DATA/100(Hz) 9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 10 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A) 11 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (B) 12 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (B) 13 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (B) 14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (B)						Second byte(second
9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 10050H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) 11 Second channel 110052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 12 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 13 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)						channel):00-positive,01-negative
9 Second channel voltage 10 Second channel current 11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 10050H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V) 11 Second channel 110052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 12 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 13 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) 14 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)						
voltage  10 Second channel current  11 Second channel active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000	8	Frequency	004FH	Read	4	Unsigned,Value==DATA/100(Hz)
10 Second channel current Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)  11 Second channel active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000  Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)  4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000	9	Second channel	0050H	Read	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (V)
current  11 Second channel 0052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000		voltage				
11 Second channel 0052H Read 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W) active power 12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000	10	Second channel	0051H	Read	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (A)
active power  12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000		current				
12 Positive active 0053H Read/ 4 Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000	11	Second channel	0052H	Read	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000 (W)
		active power				
energy of second Write (kWh)	12	Positive active	0053H	Read/	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000
		energy of second		Write		(kWh)

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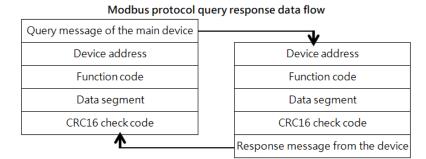
	channel				
13	Second channel	0054H	Read	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/1000
	power factor				
14	Negative active	0055H	Read/	4	Unsigned, Value=DATA/10000
	energy of first		Write		(kWh)
	channel				

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# 四、MODBUS 通讯规约

This instrument provides a serial asynchronous half-duplex RS485 communication interface, using the standard MODBUS-RTU protocol, and various data information can be transmitted on the communication line. Up to 255 network instruments can be connected to one line at the same time. Each network instrument can set its communication address. The communication connection should use a shielded twisted pair with a copper mesh, and the wire diameter should not be less than 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>. When wiring, communication lines should be kept away from strong current cables or other strong electric field environments.

The MODBUS protocol adopts the master-slave response communication connection method on one communication line. First, the signal from the host computer is addressed to a terminal device (slave) with a unique address. Then, the response signal from the terminal device is transmitted to the host in the opposite direction, that is, the signal is transmitted along a separate communication line. All communication data streams are transmitted in opposite directions (half-duplex operating mode). The MODBUS protocol only allows communication between the host (PC, PLC, etc.) and terminal devices, but does not allow data exchange between independent terminal devices. In this way, each terminal device will not occupy the communication line when they are initialized, but is limited to responding. Query signal arriving at this machine.



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Host query: The query message frame includes device address, function code, data information code, and check code. The address code indicates the slave device to be selected. the function code tells the selected slave device what function it wants to perform. For example, function code 03 or 04 requires the slave device to read registers and return their contents, the data segment contains the requirements of the slave device. Any additional information to perform the function, the check code is used to verify the correctness of a frame of information, the slave device provides a method to verify whether the message content is correct, it uses the calibration rule of CRC16.

Slave response: If the slave device generates a normal response, the response message contains the slave address code, function code, data information code and CRC16 check code. Data information codes include data collected from the device: like register values or status. If an error occurs, we agree that the slave machine will not respond.

We specify the communication data format used in this instrument: bits per byte (1 start bit, 8 data bits, odd or even parity or no parity, 1 or 2 stop bits).

The structure of the data frame, that is, the message format:

Device address	function code	data segment	CRC16 check code
1 byte	1 byte	N bytes	2 bytes (low byte first)

Device address: It consists of one byte. The address of each terminal device must be unique. Only the addressed terminal will respond to the corresponding query.

Function code: tells the addressed terminal what function to perform. The following table lists the function codes supported by this series of instruments and their functions.



function code	Function
03H	Read the value of one or more registers
10H	Write the value of one or more registers
01H	Read the output status of relay 1
05H	Write the output status of relay 1

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Data segment: Contains the data required by the terminal to perform specific functions or the data collected when the terminal responds to queries. The content of these data may be numerical values, reference addresses or setting values.

Check code: CRC16 occupies two bytes and contains a 16-bit binary value. The CRC value is calculated by the transmitting device and then appended to the data frame. The receiving device recalculates the CRC value when receiving the data and then compares it with the value in the received CRC field. If the two values are not equal, an error occurs. mistake.

The process of generating a CRC16 is:

- (1) Preset a 16-bit register to 0FFFFH (all 1s), called CRC register.
- (2) Perform XOR operation on the 8 bits of the first byte in the data frame and the low byte in the CRC register, and store the result back into the CRC register.
- (3) Shift the CRC register one bit to the right, fill the highest bit with 0, shift out the lowest bit and detect it.
- (4) If the lowest bit is 0: repeat the third step (next shift). if the lowest bit is 1: perform an XOR operation on the CRC register and a preset fixed value (0A001H).
  - (5) Repeat steps 3 and 4 until 8 shifts. In this way, a complete eight bits are processed.
  - (6) Repeat steps 2 to 5 to process the next eight bits until all bytes are processed.
  - (7) The final value of the CRC register is the value of CRC16.

## **MODBUS-RTU** communication protocol example:

## 4.1. Function code 0x03: Read multiple registers

Example: The host wants to read 2 slave register data with address 01 and start address 0048H.

Host sends: 01 03 00 48 00 02 CRC

Address function code starting address data length CRC code

Slave response: 01 03 04 12 45 56 68 CRC

Address function code returns the number of bytes Register data 1 Register data 2 CRC code

#### 4.2. Function code 0x10: Write multiple registers

Example: The host wants to save 0000,0000 to the slave register with addresses 000C, 000D (slave address code is 0x01)

Host sends: 01 10 00 0C 00 02 04 00 00 00 00 F3 FA

Address function code starting address number of write registers byte count saved data 1 2 CRC code

Slave response: 01 10 00 0C 00 02 81 CB

Address function code starting address write register number CRC code

## 4.3. Description

The register in the MODBUS-RTU communication protocol refers to 16 bits (ie 2 bytes), and the high-order bit is first.

When setting parameters, be careful not to write illegal data (that is, data values that exceed the data range limit).

The error code format returned by the slave is as follows:

Address code: 1 byte

Function code: 1 byte (the highest bit is 1)

Error code: 1 byte

CRC: 2 bytes

The response returns the following error code:

- 81: Illegal function code, that is, the received function code module does not support it.
- 82: Reading or writing illegal data address, that is, the data location exceeds the readable or writable address range of the module.
- 83: Illegal data value, that is, the data value sent by the module received by the host exceeds the data range of the corresponding address.

## 4.4. Example of command analysis:

4.4.1 Read electrical parameter instructions (take the module address as 0x01 as an example): Send data: 01 03 00 48 00 0E 44 18 (read 14 registers starting from 0048H)

Received data: 01 03 38 00 24 1E F9 00 05 FE A3 05 8D 37 68 00 00 4F 38 00 00 03 E8 00 00 3D F1 00 00 00 00 00 00 13 89 00 24 1E F9 00 05 FE B9 05 8B 67 18 00 00 4E CA 00 00 03 E8

00 00 3D A2 C1 9E (The red part is the data corresponding to the 0048H start register),

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4.4.2 Clear power command (take module address 0x01 as an example):

Clear the first electric energy:

Send data: 01 10 00 4B 00 02 04 00 00 00 00 B6 2C

Receive data: 01 10 00 4B 00 02 31 DE

Clear the second electric energy:

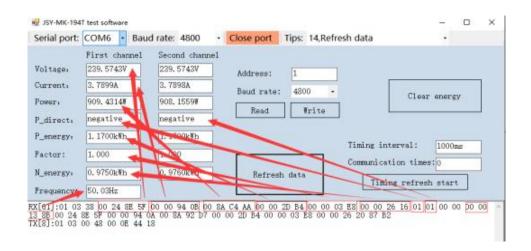
Send data: 01 10 00 53 00 02 04 00 00 00 00 B6 86

Receive data: 01 10 00 53 00 02 B1 D9

Clear two channels of power at the same time:

Send data: 01 10 00 0C 00 02 04 00 00 00 00 F3 FA

Receive data: 01 10 00 0C 00 02 81 CB



# 5. Things to note

1) Pay attention to the auxiliary power information on the product label. Do not connect the wrong auxiliary power level and polarity of the product, otherwise the product may

be damaged.

- 2) Please refer to the diagram for correct wiring according to product specifications and models. Make sure to disconnect all signal sources and power before wiring to avoid danger and damage to the equipment. After checking to confirm that the wiring is correct, turn on the power and test.
- 3) The voltage circuit or the secondary circuit of the PT must not be short-circuited.
- 4) When there is current on the primary side of the CT, it is strictly forbidden to open the secondary circuit of the CT. it is strictly forbidden to make live connections or unplug terminals.
- 5) When using the product in an environment with strong electromagnetic interference, please pay attention to the shielding of the input and output signal lines.
- 6) When installed in a centralized manner, the minimum installation interval should not be less than 10mm.
- 7) This series of products does not have a lightning protection circuit inside. When the input and output feeders of the module are exposed to harsh outdoor weather conditions, lightning protection measures should be taken.
- 8) Please do not damage or modify the product's label or logo, and do not disassemble or modify the product, otherwise our company will no longer provide "three guarantees" (guaranteed replacement, guaranteed return, and guaranteed repair) service for the product.

#### **Contact Information:**

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